

Sled Impact Test

SD 2202

Symmetric Designs

**Frontal Impact of a Symmetric Designs Free Form Back Support with FA Mounts  
Installed on the ISO/RESNA Surrogate Wheelchair Frame (SWCF)  
with a Surrogate Seatpan and Commercial Seat Cushion  
Secured by a Surrogate Four-Point, Strap-Type Tiedown  
and Loaded with a Hybrid III Midsize Male ATD  
Restrained by a Surrogate Three-Point Belt with a SWCF-Anchored Lap Belt**

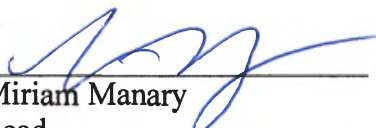
This test was conducted in accordance with standards ANSI/RESNA WC-4:2017,  
Section 20: *Wheelchair Seating Systems for Use in Motor Vehicles*  
and ISO 16840-4 (2009): *Wheelchair Seating-  
Part 4: Seating Systems for Use in Motor Vehicles*

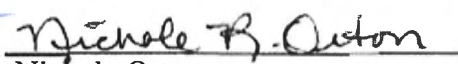
Test Date: December 21, 2022

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## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND TEST PURPOSE

This test was sponsored by the Symmetric Designs of Salt Spring Island, British Columbia and was conducted in accordance with procedures in Annex A of ANSI/RESNA WC-4:2017, Section 20: *Wheelchair Seating Systems for Use in Motor Vehicles*, hereafter referred to as WC20, and ISO 16840-4, *Wheelchair Seating- Part 4: Seating Systems for Use in Motor Vehicles*, hereafter referred to as ISO 16840-4. These two standards provide a method for evaluating a complete seating system consisting of back support, seat, attachment hardware, and postural support devices, but the purpose of this test was to evaluate only the back support and its attachment hardware. Therefore, a commercial back support and a surrogate seat consisting of a steel plate with a commercial seat cushion was used to comprise a complete wheelchair seating system for testing. The performance of the commercial back support, the postural support devices and the attachment hardware were measured and evaluated according to the applicable performance criteria WC20 and ISO 16840-4.

Advertisements and marketing literature should refer to the requirements and provisions of WC20 and ISO 16840-4, but should not refer to the University of Michigan or the University of Michigan Transportation Research Institute (UMTRI). Requests for copies of this report, test film, and video should be directed to the test sponsor.

## **TEST METHODS**

This frontal impact test was conducted on the UMTRI impact sled. The sled operates on the rebound principle, achieving the desired change in velocity by reversing direction during the impact event. The sled crash pulse is trapezoidal in shape and is reported as an average deceleration level in g. The sled velocity is monitored immediately before and after impact.

Data generated during the test were digitized live using a TDAS onboard data acquisition system. All signals were filtered to the requirements of SAE J-211. The photo documentation consisted of high-speed (1000-frames/sec) digital video from right and right-rear side views of the impact event. A strobe flash and simultaneous voltage pulse record and synchronize the onset of impact deceleration on video and transducer signals.

## TEST SETUP

A Symmetric Designs Free Form back support with FA mounts was installed on the ISO/RESNA surrogate wheelchair frame (SWCF), which was placed on the sled platform facing forward and secured using the surrogate four-point, strap-type tiedown specified in RESNA WC-4:2017, Section 19: *Wheelchairs Used As Seats in Motor Vehicles*.

The adjustable width of the SWCF was set to 14 inches (measured between the outside edges of the seat rails) prior to installing the seating system. The attachment hardware of the seat was attached to the seat rails and back-support posts, respectively, and the back-support height was adjusted according to the manufacturer's instructions. A generic metal planar seatpan and 50-mm thick dense foam commercial cushion was used to represent a nominal seat. The front and rear tiedown straps were hooked to the securement points provided on the SWCF.

The seating system was loaded with a Hybrid III midsize male anthropomorphic test device (ATD) that was restrained by a surrogate three-point belt with a SWCF-anchored lap belt. The left end of the lap belt was anchored with three-bar clips to a D-ring attached near the rear securement point on the left side of the SWCF, while the right side of the lap belt and the lower portion of the shoulder belt formed a continuous loop through a D-ring that was anchored near the rear securement point on the right side of the SWCF. A heavy-duty three-bar clip held the lap and shoulder belts together near the right hip of the ATD. The shoulder-belt upper anchorage was attached to a rigid structure on the sled platform at a position above and behind the ATD's left shoulder that simulated a typical vehicle sidewall anchor point. The pelvic belt was tightened to fit snugly over the ATD pelvic region. The shoulder belt was tightened snugly across the ATD chest with a 75-mm block between the belt and ATD, and the block was removed prior to the test.

The test was conducted using 48-kph (30-mph) and 20-g average impact conditions to determine the response of the Symmetric Designs Free Form back support with FA mounts during frontal-impact loading, and compliance of the seating system to performance criteria in 5.1 of WC20 and 5.1 of ISO 16840-4. The table on the following page provides further details about the test equipment and setup.

## SUMMARY OF TEST SETUP AND PRE-TEST MEASUREMENTS

<b>GENERAL TEST INFORMATION</b> Test number Test date Seating System  Wheelchair type Wheelchair tiedown Occupant restraint Anthropomorphic Test Dummy (ATD) Wheelchair orientation Sled platform Desired impact velocity (delta V) Desired average sled deceleration	SD 2202 December 21, 2022 Symmetric Designs Free Form Back Support with FA Mounts ISO/RESNA surrogate wheelchair frame Surrogate four-point, strap-type tiedown Surrogate 3-point belt with SWCF-anchored lap Hybrid III midsize male @ 78 kg (171 lb) Forward facing Rigid steel plate 48 kph (30 mph) 20 g
<b>WHEELCHAIR TIEDOWN</b> Front-to-rear anchor-point distance Rear tiedowns Lateral distance between anchor points Angle wrt horizontal Angle wrt to wheelchair center plane Anchor point to rear-wheel hub Length (anchor point to securement point) Front tiedowns Lateral distance between anchor points Angle wrt horizontal Angle wrt to wheelchair center plane Length (anchor point to securement point)	1283 mm (50.5 in)    330 mm (13.0 in) 43 degrees 0 degrees 432 mm (17.0 in) 495 mm (19.5 in)  686 mm (27.0 in) 44 degrees 15 degrees
<b>OCCUPANT RESTRAINT</b> Shoulder belt upper anchor point location Behind ATD shoulder Above ATD shoulder Above sled platform Left of wheelchair centerline Angle of pelvic belt wrt to horizontal Angle of shoulder-belt Projected frontal view wrt horizontal Projected lateral view wrt horizontal Footstrap location In front of ATD knee center Below ATD knee center	305 mm (12.0 in) 178 mm (7.0 in) 1257 mm (49.5 in) 305 mm (12.0 in) 55 degrees  58 degrees, measured on ATD torso 30 degrees, measured above ATD shoulder  381 mm (15.0 in) 127 mm (5.0 in)
<b>ATD POSITIONING</b> Shoulder height above sled platform H-point height above sled platform	1080 mm (42.5 in) 622 mm (24.5 in)
<b>WHEELCHAIR</b> Weight Wheelbase Seatback angle wrt vertical Seatback height (with headrest) Seatpan angle wrt horizontal Seat surface height from floor @ SB junction Seatpan length	63.6 kg (140 lb) 533 mm (21.0 in) 10 degrees 533 mm (21.0 in) 5 degrees 546 mm (21.5 in) 432 mm (17.0 in)

## TEST RESULTS

The Symmetric Designs Free Form back support with FA mounts sustained impact intact and remained attached to the SWCF/SWCB. The maximum forward excursion of point P on the wheelchair seating system was 78 mm, which is below the WC20 and ISO 16840-4 excursion limit of 200 mm. After the test, the SWCF was upright on the sled platform and the ATD was seated in the wheelchair seat with the torso leaning forward and left 10 degrees. The ATD could be removed from the belt restraint without the use of tools.

The ATD was effectively restrained from forward and rearward excursions by the surrogate three-point belt with a SWCF-anchored lap belt and the back support, respectively. Peak forward excursion of the ATD's head was limited to approximately 300 mm and peak forward knee excursion was limited to about 180 mm, which are both below the WC20 and ISO 16840-4 limits of 650 mm and 375 mm, respectively. The ATD's head traveled 333 mm rearward of its initial position during the test, which is below the WC20 and ISO 16840-4 limit of 450 mm. The ATD's post-test H-point height did not change from the pre-test height.

The results of this test show that the Symmetric Designs Free Form back support with FA mounts meets all performance criteria for wheelchair seating systems in Section 5.1 of WC20 and 5.1 of ISO 16840-4. The following tables summarize the test results and compliance with applicable performance criteria of WC20 and ISO 16840-4.

## SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

<b>GENERAL TEST INFORMATION</b> Test number Actual impact velocity (delta V) Actual average sled deceleration level Actual peak sled deceleration level Total time of deceleration over 20 g Total time of deceleration over 15 g Deceleration pulse duration	SD 2202 48 kph (30.3 mph) 21.4 g 23.1 g 30.7 ms 66.0 ms 77.7 ms
<b>ATD MEASUREMENTS</b> Peak resultant head acceleration Peak resultant chest acceleration Head injury criteria (unlimited) Maximum forward head excursion <sup>†</sup> Maximum forward knee excursion <sup>††</sup> Maximum rearward head excursion <sup>††</sup> Average post-test H-pt ht above sled platform	52 g 46 g 211 300 mm (11.8 in) 180 mm (7.1 in) 333 mm (13.1 in) 622 mm (24.5 in) 0% change
<b>TIEDOWN LOADS</b> Peak left-rear tiedown strap force Peak right-rear tiedown strap force	17654 N (3969 lb) 21561 N (4847 lb)
<b>BELT LOADS AND PELVIC BELT ANGLE</b> Peak left pelvic-belt load Peak shoulder-belt load	7522 N (1691 lb) 9189 N (2066 lb)
<b>WHEELCHAIR MEASUREMENTS<sup>††</sup></b> Maximum forward wheelchair excursion at Point P* Maximum forward excursion of front-wheel hub Maximum forward excursion of rear-wheel hub	78 mm (3.1 in) 52 mm (2.0 in) 57 mm (2.2 in)

<sup>†</sup>The forward head excursion is the total forward change in position of the leading edge of the head, measured at the initial position prior to impact and at the time of maximum forward head travel.

<sup>††</sup>Excursions reported are the total horizontal change in the position of the affixed targets relative to the sled platform from just prior to impact to the time of maximum forward or rearward excursion.

\*Point P is a seating reference point located 50 mm above and 50 mm in front of the junction of the seatback and seat cushion planes.

**SUMMARY OF SEATING SYSTEM  
PERFORMANCE CRITERIA IN RESNA WC-4:2017, SECTION 20**

**SLED TEST SD 2202**

Requirement		Observed Performance	
WC20 Clause	Description	Description	Pass/Fail
5.1a	Forward excursion of Point P<200 mm	78 mm	Pass
	Forward knee excursion <375 mm	180 mm	Pass
	Forward head excursion <650 mm	300 mm	Pass
	Rearward head excursion <450 mm	333 mm	Pass
5.1b	Seating system shall not completely separate from the SWCF at any attachment point.	The seating system remained attached at all attachment points.	Pass
5.1c	ATD must be in WC seat with torso leaning not more than 45° from vertical.	The ATD was seated on the WC seat with the torso leaning forward and left 10 degrees.	Pass
5.1d	Primary load-carrying components of the seating system and attachment hardware shall not completely fail.	No primary load-carrying components completely failed.	Pass
5.1e	Rigid components, fragments, or accessories with mass of 150 g or greater shall not completely detach.	No components detached from the seating system.	Pass
5.1f	Seating system components must not have sharp edges with potential for occupant contact.	There were no sharp edges exposed.	Pass
5.1g	The surrogate belt restraint shall not completely fail due to contact with the seating system.	The surrogate belt restraint did not fail.	Pass
5.1h	Average post-test height of ATD H-points shall not be more than 20% lower than the average pretest height.	The average H-point height decreased 0%.	Pass

Note: SWCF = surrogate wheelchair frame.



# SUMMARY OF SEATING SYSTEM PERFORMANCE PER CRITERIA IN ISO 16840-4

## SLED TEST SD 2202

Requirement		Observed Performance	
ISO 16840-4 Clause	Description	Description	Pass/Fail
5.1.2a	Forward excursion of Point P<200 mm	78 mm	Pass
	Forward knee excursion <375 mm	180 mm	Pass
	Forward head excursion <650 mm	300 mm	Pass
	Rearward head excursion <450 mm	333 mm	Pass
5.1.2b	Ratio of ATD knee excursion to Point P excursion must exceed 1.1.	N/A – A SWCB-anchored pelvic belt was used.	N/A
5.1.2d	Seating system shall not separate from the SWCB at any attachment point.	The seating system remained attached at all attachment points.	Pass
5.1.3a	ATD must be in WC seat with torso leaning not more than 45° from vertical.	The ATD was seated on the WC seat with the torso leaning forward and left 10 degrees.	Pass
5.1.3b	Primary load-carrying components of the seating system and attachment hardware cannot show visible signs of structural failure.	No primary load-carrying components showed signs of failure.	Pass
5.1.3c	Detached seating hardware cannot exceed 0.1 kg.	No hardware detached from the seating system.	Pass
5.1.3d	Rigid seating system components must not have sharp edges with potential for occupant contact.	There were no sharp edges exposed.	Pass
5.1.3e	Post-test height of ATD H-point shall not be more than 20% lower than pretest height	The average H-point height decreased 0%.	Pass

Note: SWCB = surrogate wheelchair base, N/A = not applicable.

## **PRE-TEST PHOTOS**



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SD2202002.JPG



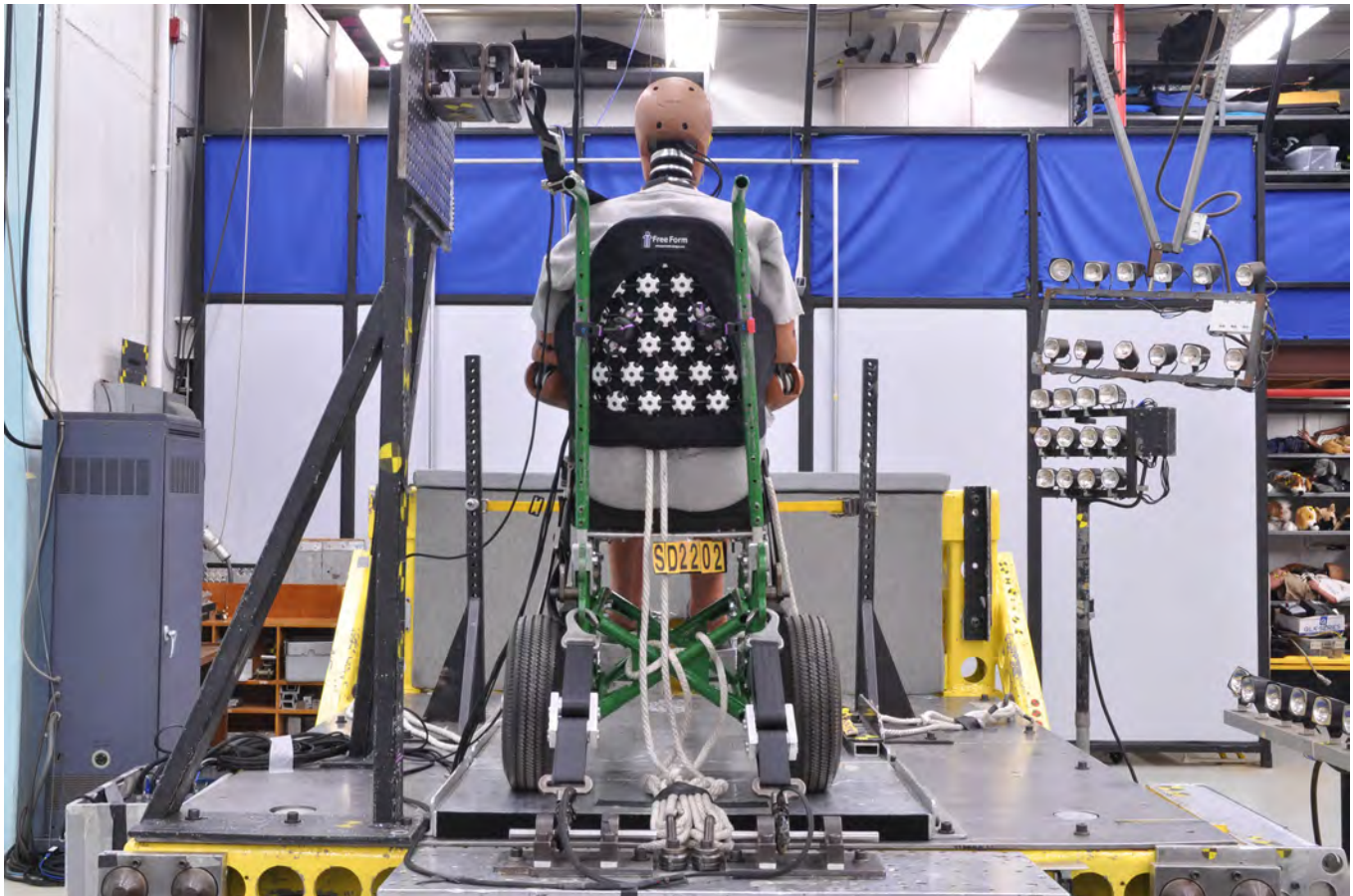


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SD2202005.JPG



SD2202006.JPG

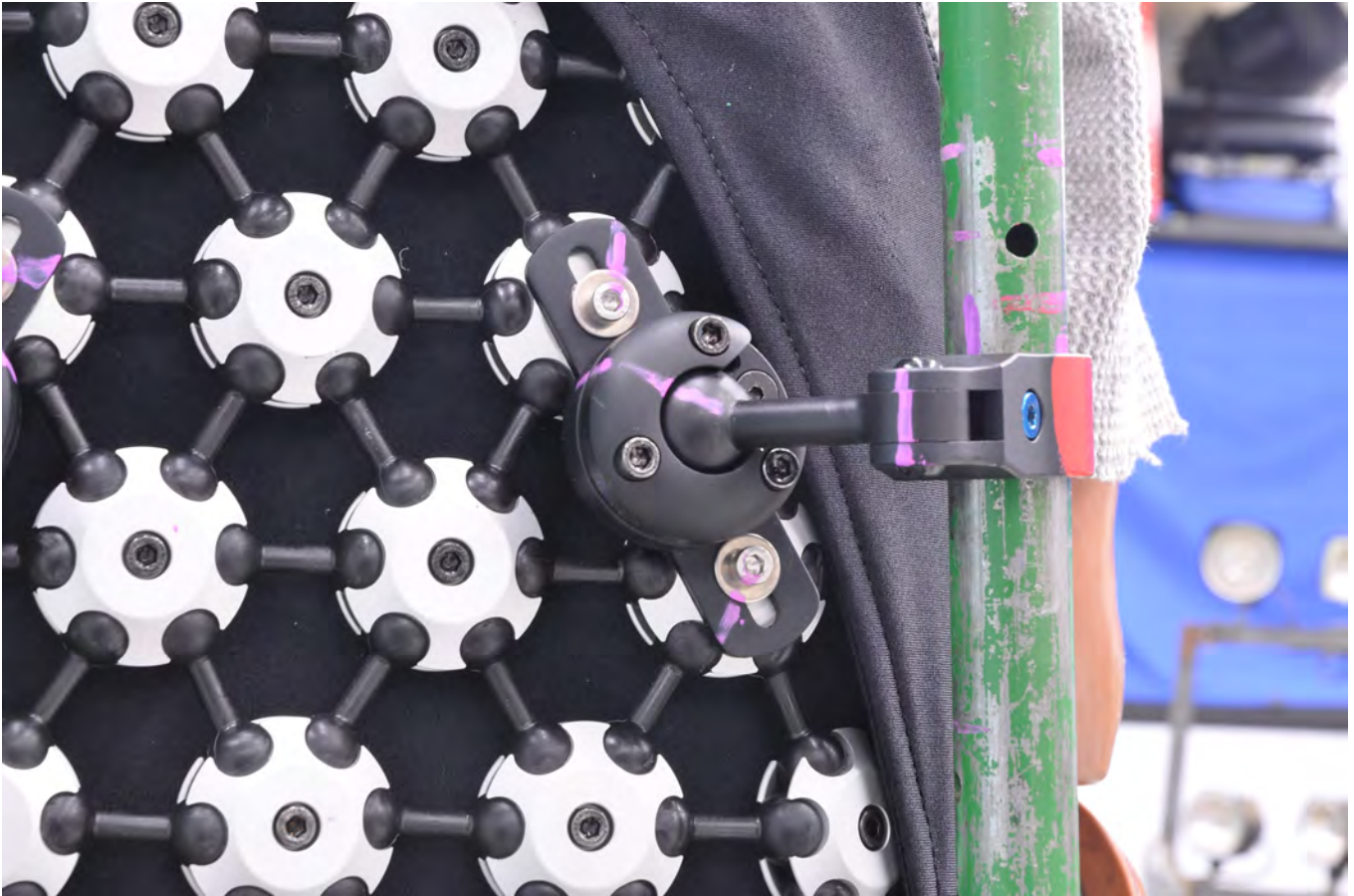




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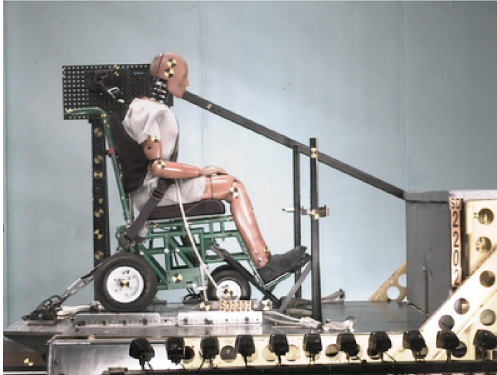
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## **TEST AND POST-TEST PHOTOS**

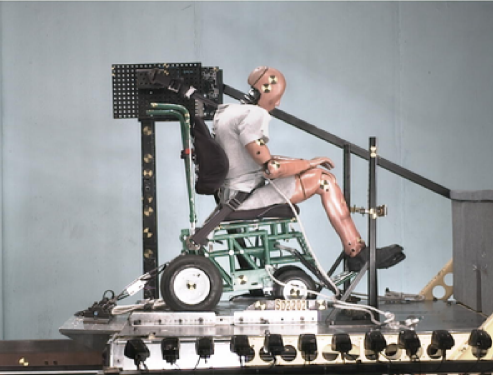


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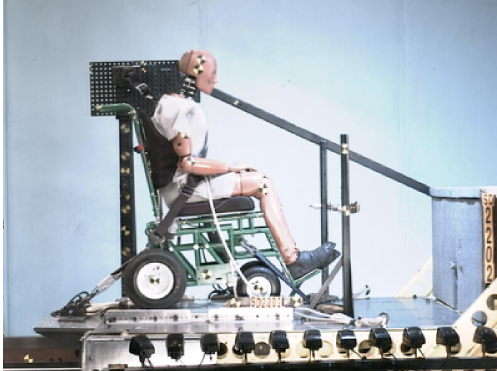
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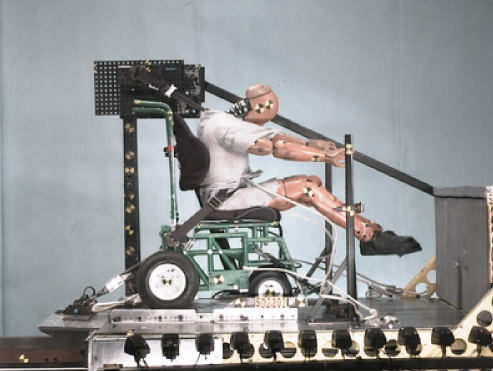
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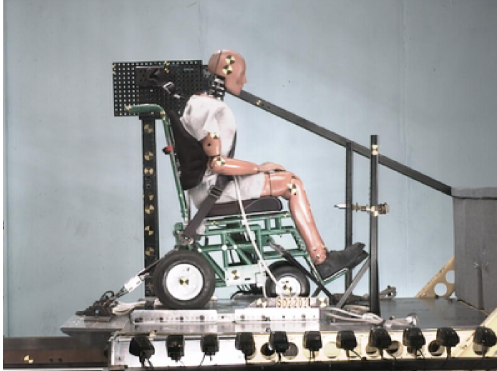
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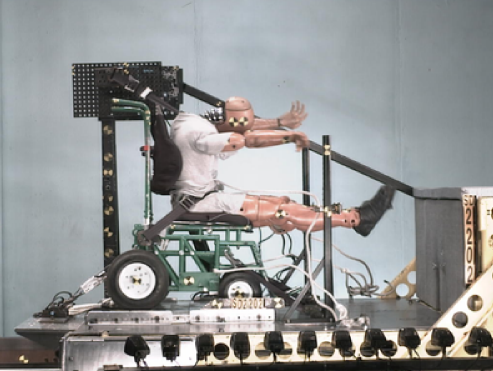
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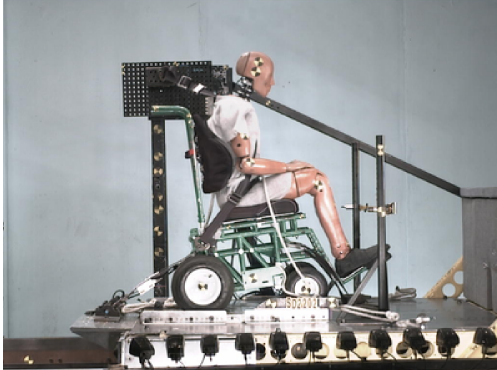
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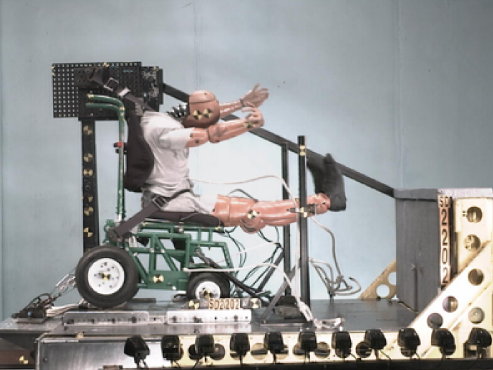
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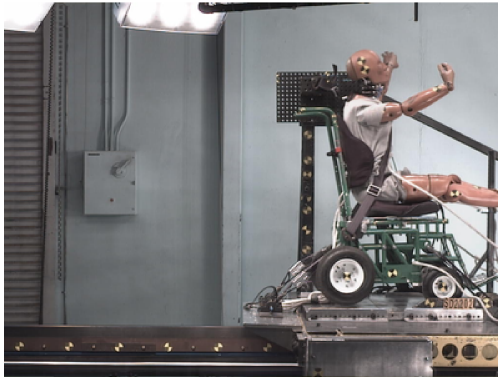


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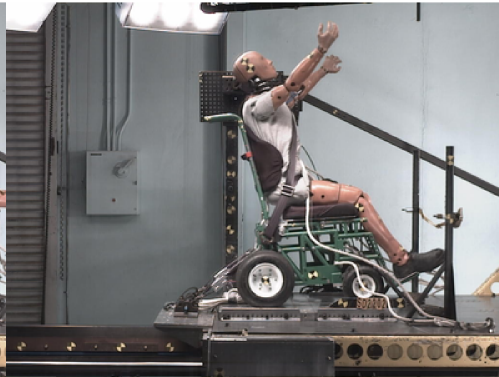


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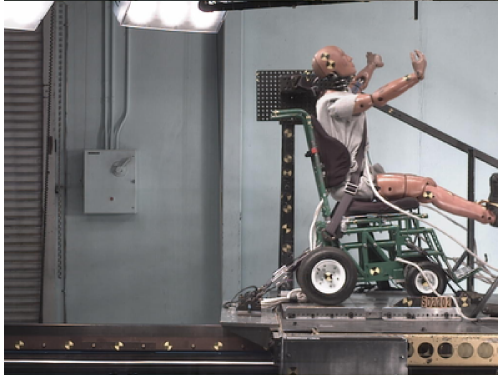
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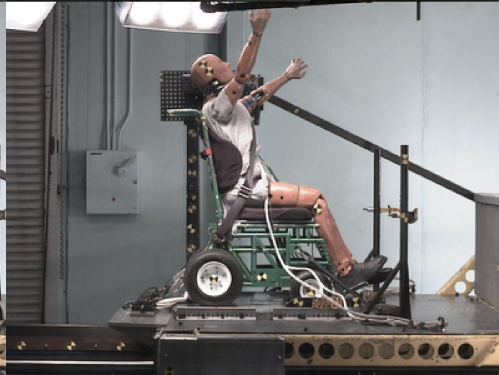
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SD2202A001.JPG



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## **TEST SIGNALS**



# Results

# SD2202

Nominal = 30 mph / 20 g avg Pressures: 139.3/1210  
Actual[P] = 48.7 km/h (30.3 mph) (75.1%) Plateau Avg.= -21.4 G; Peak = -23.1 G

Dummy: Hybrid III 50th Male (77.7 kg) Buck Weight: 2277  
Buck: steel plate, extensions, bolster, risers, shoulder brace

Symmetric Designs Free Form Back Support with Fixed Adjustable Mounts  
WC 3pt, 4pt SWTORS

## Sled Summary

Sled Pulse Duration = 77.7 ms Efficiency =  $V_{out} / V_{in} = 20.9 / 27.8 = 75.1\%$   
Sled Plateau Average Level = -21.4 G Sled Delta V = 48.7 kph (30.3 mph)  
Sled Decel Peak = -23.1 G Stopping Dist. (est) = .553 m  
Total time under -20.0 G was 30.7 ms  
Continuous time under -15.0 G was 66.0 ms

## Head Acceleration

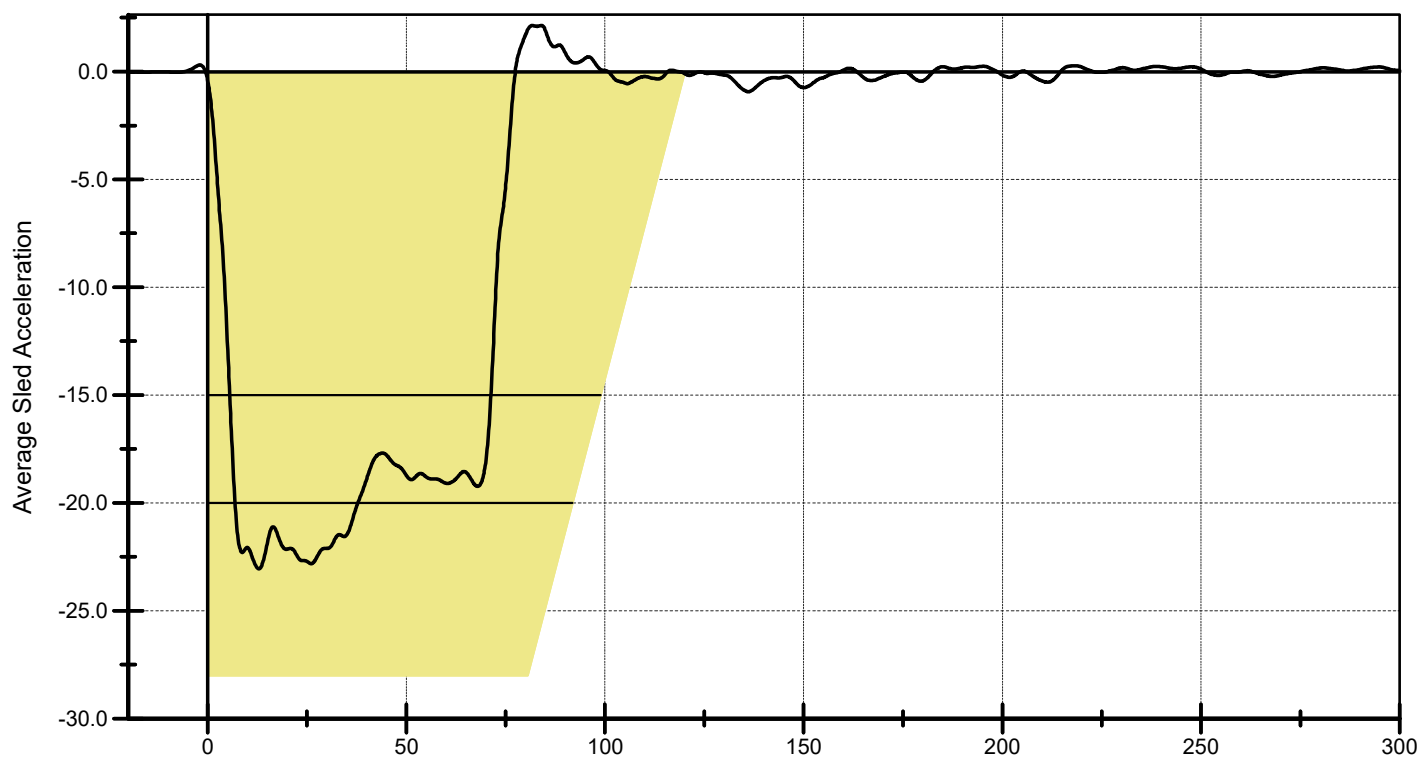
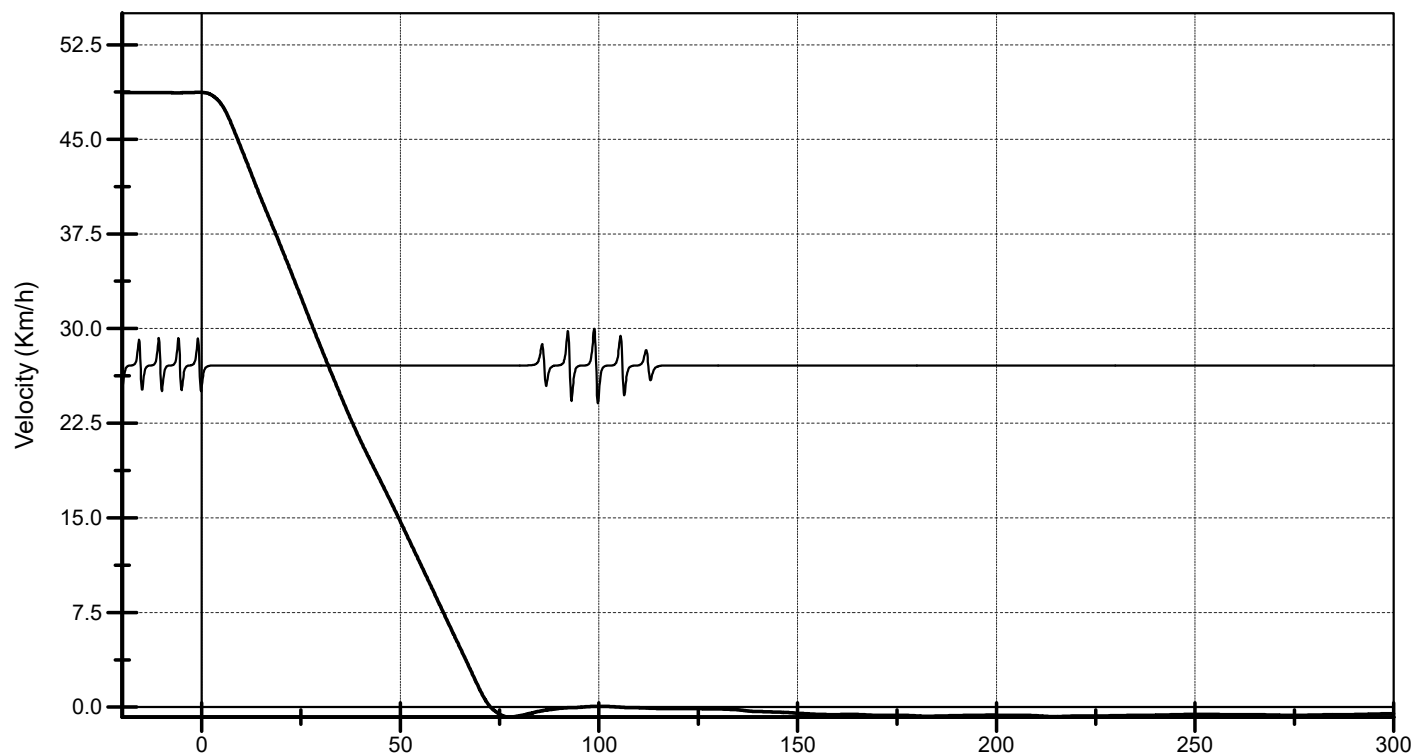
X	-4.3 g @ 212 ms	<b>29.8 g @ 85 ms</b>
Y	-4.5 g @ 59 ms	<b>8.4 g @ 102 ms</b>
Z	-1.6 g @ 108 ms	<b>45.1 g @ 54 ms</b>
Resultant	<b>Peak: 51.5 g @ 54 ms</b>	
H.I.C. (UN) = 461.4		From 35.1 to 114.3 ms
H.I.C. (36) = 261.6		From 35.9 to 66.4 ms
H.I.C. (15) = 210.7		From 44.3 to 59.3 ms

## Chest Acceleration

X	-6.7 g @ 202 ms	<b>41.9 g @ 51 ms</b>
Y	<b>-12.7 g @ 89 ms</b>	4.1 g @ 199 ms
Z	<b>-18.7 g @ 40 ms</b>	12.9 g @ 78 ms
Resultant	<b>Peak: 46.2 g @ 51 ms</b>	
3.0 ms Clipped Peak = 45.3G		From: 49.7 to 52.7 ms
Total time over 60 G was 0.0 ms		

## Belt Loads

Lap Belt Load	-3.6 N (-.8 lb) @ 8 ms	<b>7521.9 N (1691.0 lb) @ 62 ms</b>
Shoulder Belt Load	-11.1 N (-2.5 lb) @ 188 ms	<b>9189.3 N (2065.8 lb) @ 54 ms</b>
Left Rear Tiedown Load	-458.0 N (-103.0 lb) @ 121 ms	<b>17654.4 N (3968.9 lb) @ 60 ms</b>
Right Rear Tiedown ...	-416.3 N (-93.6 lb) @ 277 ms	<b>21561.0 N (4847.1 lb) @ 59 ms</b>



Continuous time under -15.0 G was 66.0 ms

Total time under -20.0 G was 30.7 ms

Sled Decel Peak = -23.1 G

Sled Plateau Average Level = -21.4 G

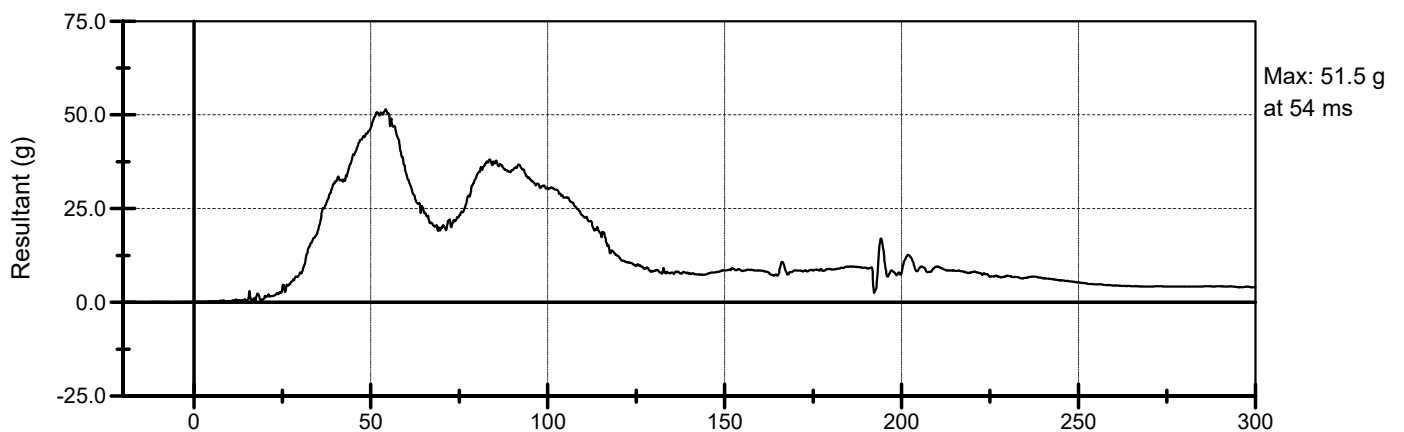
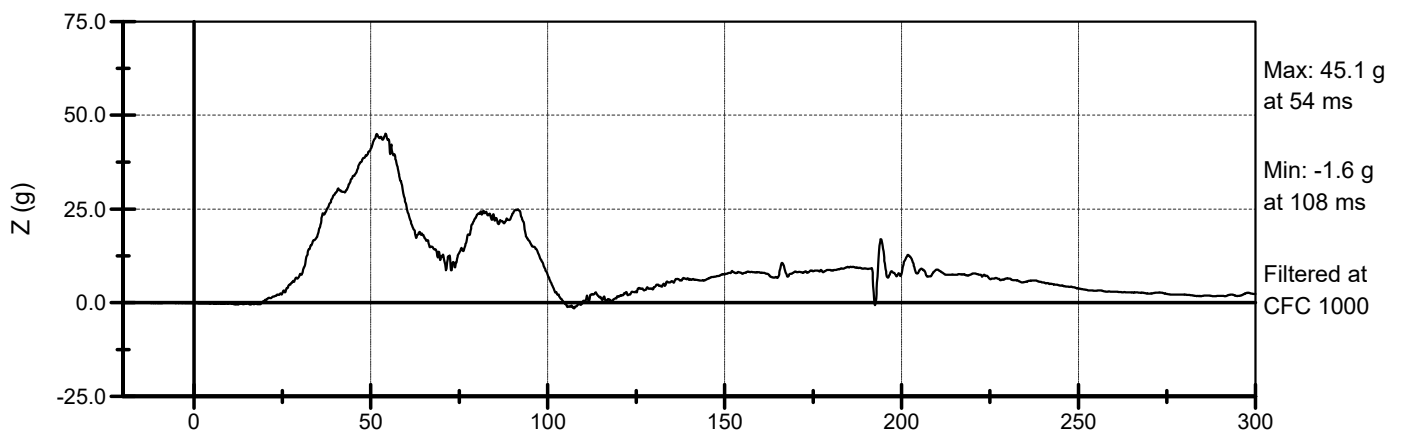
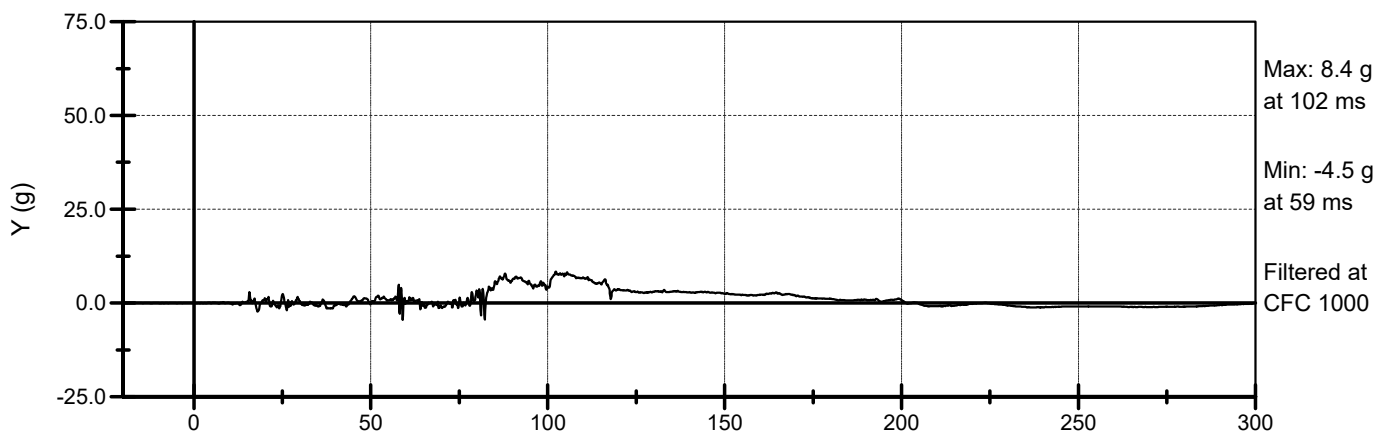
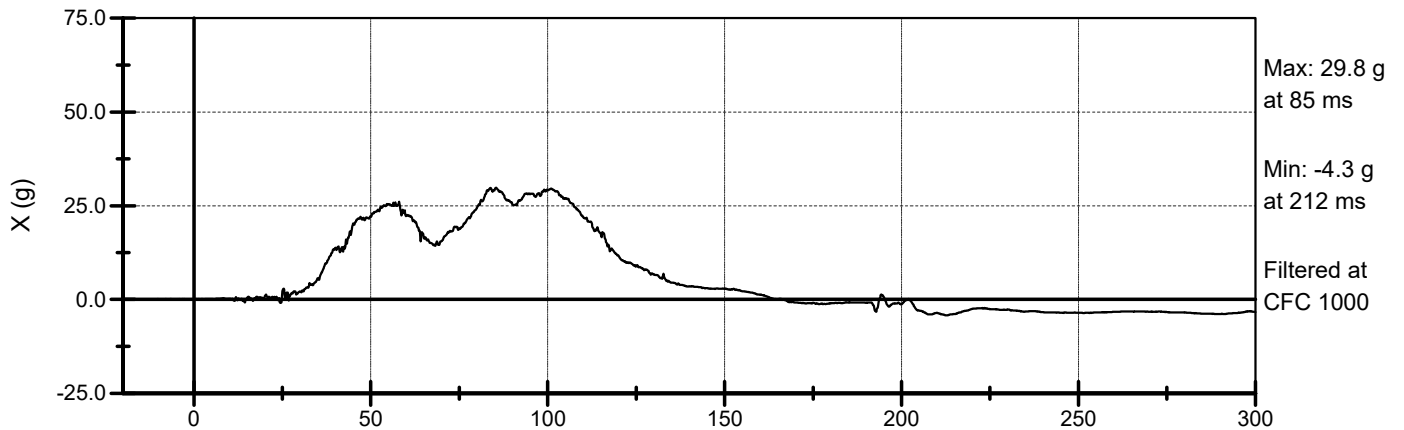
Sled Pulse Duration = 77.7 ms

Stopping Dist. (est) = .553 m

Sled Delta V = 48.7 kph (30.3 mph)

Efficiency =  $V_{out} / V_{in} = 20.9 / 27.8 = 75.1\%$



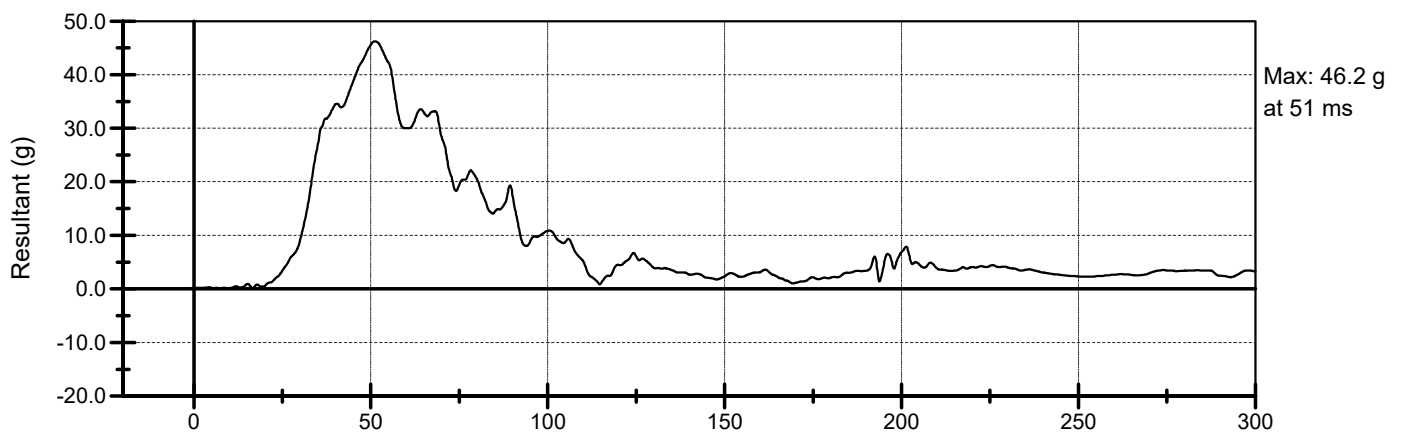
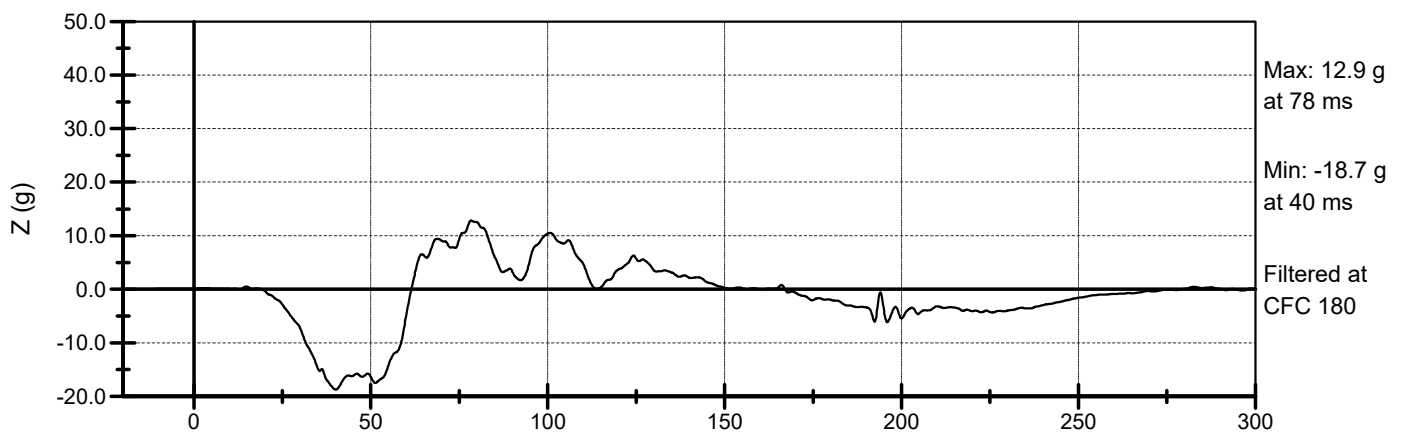
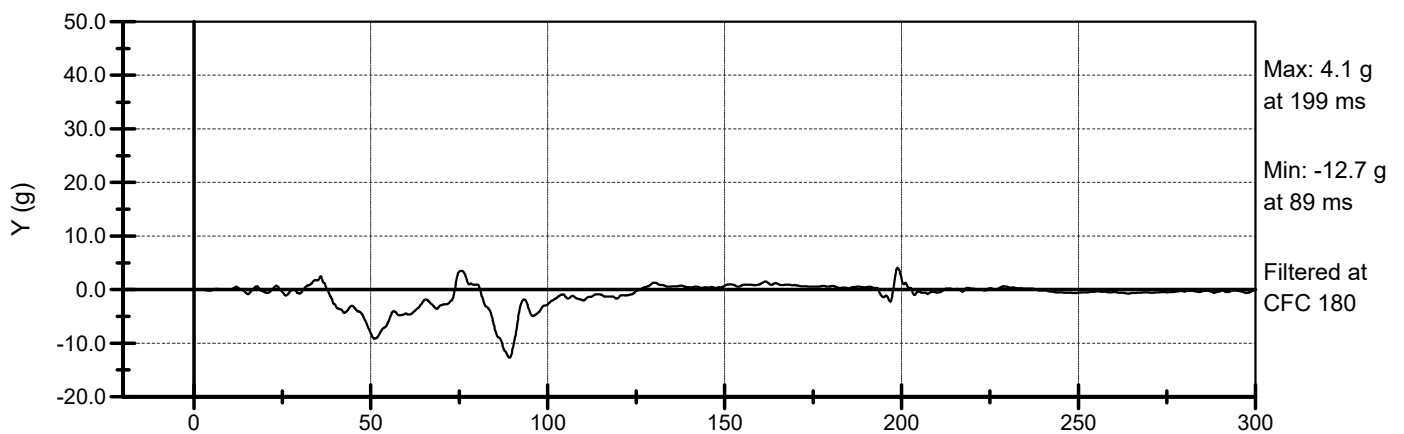
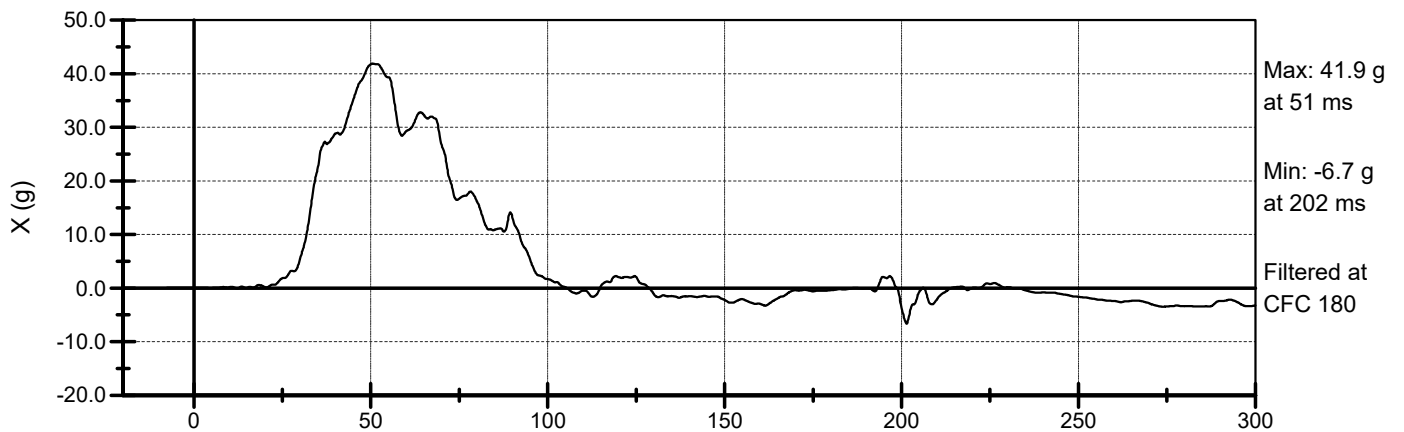


H.I.C. (15) = 210.7  
H.I.C. (36) = 261.6  
H.I.C. (UN) = 461.4

From: 44.3 to 59.3 ms

From: 35.9 to 66.4 ms

From: 35.1 to 114.3 ms



Total time over 60 G was 0.0 ms

3.0 ms Clipped Peak = 45.3G

From: 49.7 to 52.7 ms

